

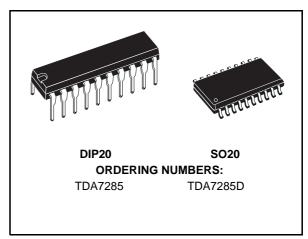
# **TDA7285**

# STEREO CASSETTE PLAYER AND MOTOR SPEED CONTROLLER

- WIDE OPERATING SUPPLY VOLTAGE (1.8V to 6V)
- HIGH OUTPUT POWER (30mW/32Ω/3V)
- LOW DISTORTION DC VOLUME CONTROL
- NO BOUCHEROT CELL
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT (15mA)
- NO INPUT CAPACITORS FOR PREAMPLIFI-ERS
- LOW MOTOR REFERENCE VOLTAGE (200mV)

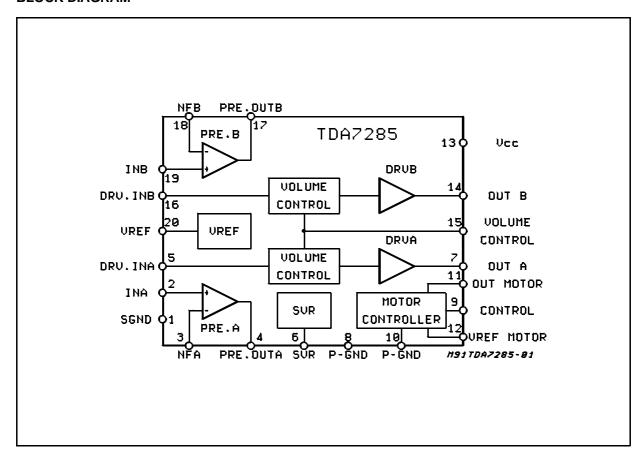
#### **DESCRIPTION**

The TDA7285 is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for the portable players market and assembled in a plastic DIP20 and SO20. The internal functions are: preamplifier, DC volume con-



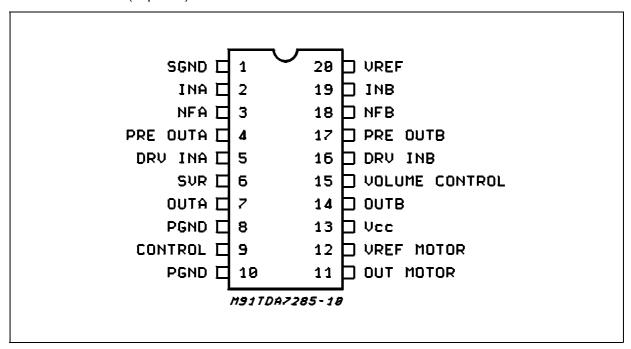
trol, headphone driver and motor speed controller.

#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



May 1997 1/11

#### **PIN CONNECTION** (Top view)



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vs	Supply Voltage	8	V
$I_{Omax}$	Maximum Output Current	70	mA
I <sub>m max</sub>	Maximum Motor Current	700	mA
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total Power Dissipation T <sub>amb</sub> = 90°C	0.9	W
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating Temperature	-20 to +70	°C
T <sub>stg</sub> , T <sub>j</sub>	Storage and Junction Temperature	-40 to 150	°C

#### **THERMAL DATA**

Ī	Symbol	Description	SO20	DIP20	Unit
	R <sub>th i-amb</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	150	100	°C/W

**DC CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $V_{S} = 3V$ ;  $R_{L} = 32\Omega$  (Headphone) and  $R_{L} = 10K\Omega$  (Preamplifier);  $V_{i} = 0$ ; VOL. Control =  $V_{ref}$ ).

Terminal No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Term. Volt. (V)	0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.7	1.4	0	2.8	0	1.6	3	3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_S = 3V$ ; $R_L = 32\Omega$ , Vol. Control = 2/3 $V_{ref (pin 20)}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; f = 1KHz; unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vs	Supply Range		1.8		6	V
I <sub>d</sub>	Total Quiescent Drain Current			15	22	mA

# PLAYBACK AMPLIFIER

$G_{vo}$	Open Loop Gain			70		dB
$G_v$	Close Loop Gain			33		dB
Vo	Output Voltage	THD = 1%	600	750		mV
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	$V_O = 330 \text{mVrms}$		0.05	0.25	%
I <sub>b</sub>	Bias Current			3		μΑ
Ct	Cross Talk	$R_S = 2.2K\Omega$ ; $V_O = 330$ mVrms		74		dB
en	Total Input Noise	$R_S = 2.2K\Omega$ ; B = 22Hz to 22KHz		1.2		μV
SVR1	Ripple Rejection	$R_S = 2.2K\Omega$ ; $Vr = 100mVrms$ $f = 100Hz$ ; $C_{SVR} = 100\mu F$		50		dB

# **HEADPHONE DRIVER**

$V_{DC}$	Output DC Voltage			1.4		V
Po	Output Power	THD = 10%	20	30		mW
P <sub>O1</sub>	Transient Output Power	THD = $10\% R_L = 16\Omega$		50		mW
Gv	Close Loop Gain	$P_O = 5mW$		31		dB
	Volume Control range		66	75		dB
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion	$P_O = 5mW$		0.3	1	%
Ct	Cross Talk	$P_O = 5$ mW; $R_S = 10$ K $\Omega$		50		dB
SVR2	Ripple Rejection	$R_S = 600\Omega$ ; $Vr = 100mV$ f = 100Hz; $C_{SVR} = 100\mu F$		47		dB

# MOTOR SPEED CONTROL

$V_{ref}$	Motor Reference Voltage (pin 12)		0.18	0.20	0.22	V
K	Shunt Ratio	$I_m = 100 \text{mA}$	45	50	55	-
V <sub>sat</sub>	Residual Voltage	$I_m = 100 \text{mA}$		0.13	0.30	V
$\frac{\Delta  V_{\text{ref}}}{V_{\text{ref}}} /  \Delta  V_{\text{S}}$	Line Regulation	$I_{m} = 100 \text{mA};$ $V_{S} = 1.8 \text{ to } 6V$		0.20	0.8	%/V
$\frac{\Delta K}{K} / \Delta V_S$	Voltage Characteristics of Shunt Ratio	I <sub>m</sub> = 100mA; V <sub>S</sub> = 1.8 to 6V		0.80	3	%/V
$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{ref}}}{V} / \Delta I_{\text{m}}$	Load Regulation	I <sub>m</sub> = 30 to 200mA		0.015	0.08	%/mA
$\frac{\frac{\Delta \text{ V}_{\text{ref}}}{\text{V}} / \Delta \text{ I}_{\text{m}}}{\frac{\Delta \text{ ref}}{\text{K}} / \Delta \text{ I}_{\text{m}}}$	Current Characteristics of Shunt Ratio	I <sub>m</sub> = 30 to 200mA		0.03	0.1	%/mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{V_{ref}} / \Delta T_{amb}$	Temperature Characteristics of Reference Voltage	I <sub>m</sub> = 100mA T <sub>amb</sub> = -20 to +60°C		0.04		%/°C
$\frac{\Delta K}{K} / \Delta T_{amb}$	Temperature Characteristics of Shunt Ratio	I <sub>m</sub> = 100mA T <sub>amb</sub> = -20 to +60°C		0.02		%/°C

Figure 1: Test and Application Circuit

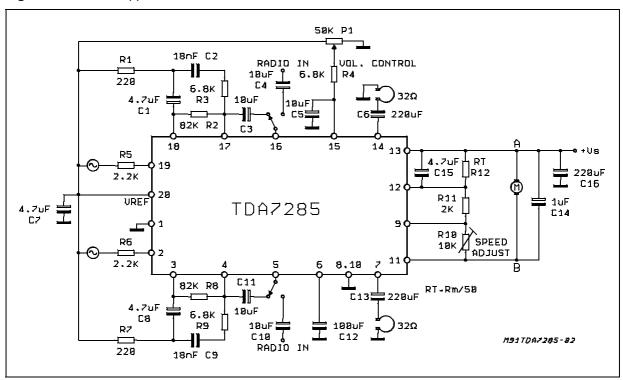


Figure 2: P.C. Board and Component Layout of the Circuit of Figure 2 (1:1 scale)

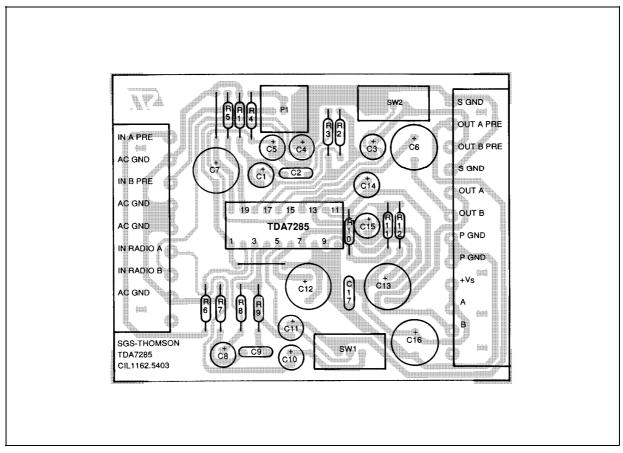


Figure 3: Quiescent Drain Current vs. Supply Voltage

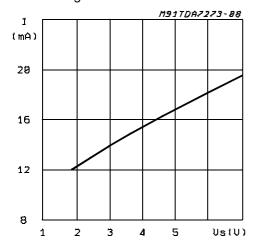
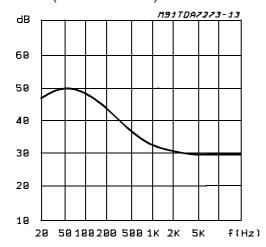
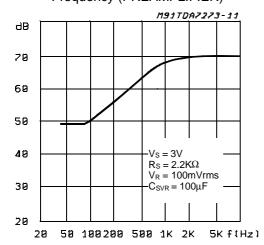


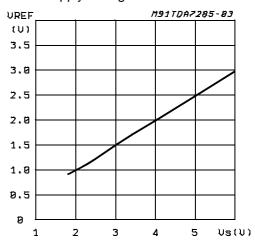
Figure 5: Closed Loop Gain vs. Frequency (PREAMPLIFIER)



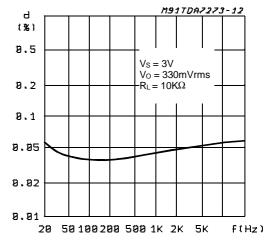
**Figure 7:** Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Frequency (PREAMPLIFIER)



**Figure 4:** Reference voltage Vs/2 (pin 20) vs. Supply Voltage



**Figure 6:** Distortion vs. Frequency (PREAMPLIFIER)



**Figure 8:** Quiescent Output Voltage vs. Supply Voltage (DRIVER)

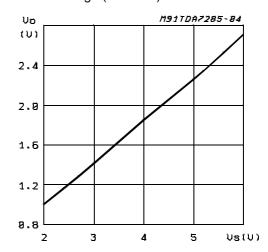


Figure 9: Closed Loop Gain vs. Frequency (DRIVER)

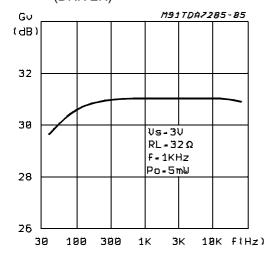
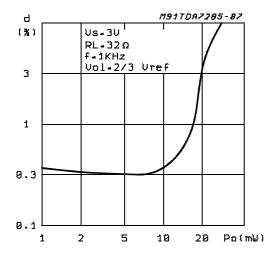


Figure 11: Distortion vs. Output Power (DRIVER)



**Figure 13:** Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Frequency (DRIVER

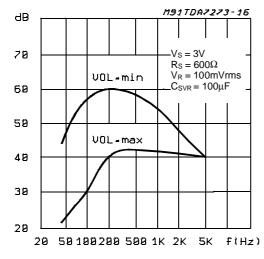


Figure 10: Output Power vs. Supply Voltage (DRIVER)

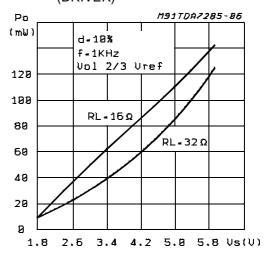


Figure 12: Distortion vs. Frequency (DRIVER)

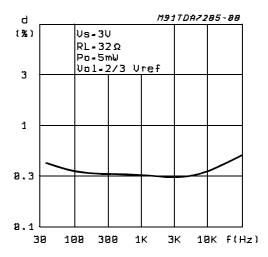


Figure 14: Volume Control (0dB = 10mW;  $V_S = 3V$ ;  $R_{VOL} = 50K\Omega$ ;  $R_L = 32\Omega$ ; f = 1KHz) (DRIVER)

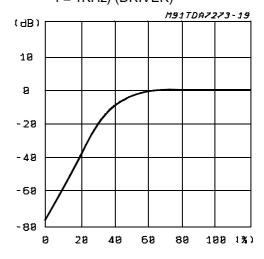


Figure 15: Reference Voltage (Pin 12) vs. Supply Voltage (MOTOR)

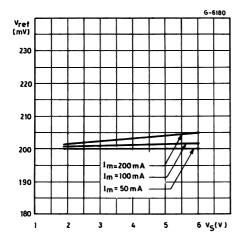


Figure 17: Sunt Ratio vs. Load Current (MOTOR)

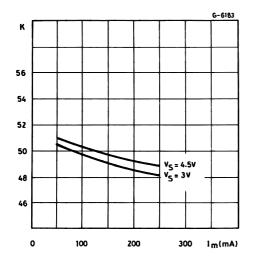
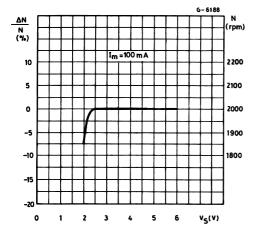


Figure 19: Speed Variations vs. Supply Voltage (MOTOR)



**Figure 16:** Shunt Ratio vs. Supply Voltage (MOTOR)

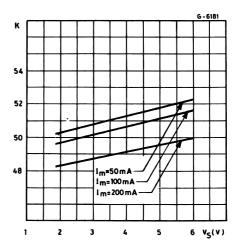


Figure 18: Saturation Voltage vs. Load Current (MOTOR)

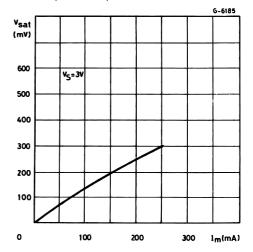
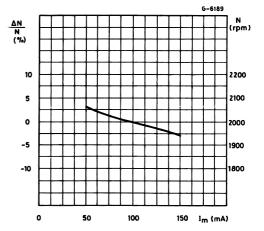
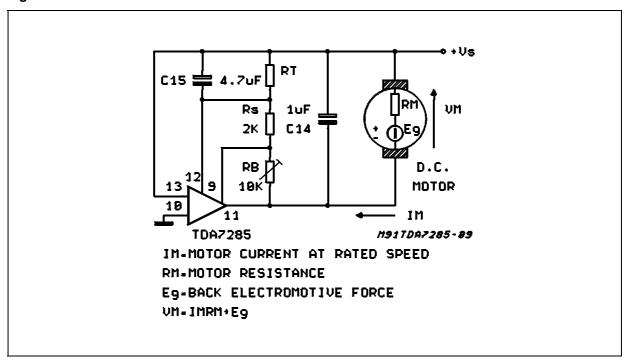


Figure 20: Speed Variations vs. Motor Current (MOTOR)



#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

### Figure 21.



$$E_g = R_T \; I_d + I_M \; (\frac{R_T}{K} - R_M) + V_{ref}$$
 
$$\left[ \; 1 + \frac{R_b}{R_S} + \frac{R_T}{R_S} \; (\; 1 + \frac{1}{K}) \; \right]$$
 Rs has to be adjusted so that the applied voltage

Rs has to be adjusted so that the applied voltage V<sub>M</sub> is suitable for a given motor, the speed is then linearly adjustable varing R<sub>B</sub>.

The value R<sub>T</sub> is calculated so that

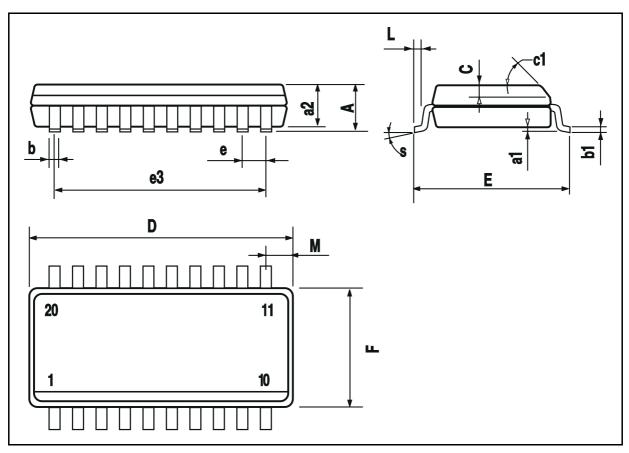
 $R_{T (max.)} > K_{(min.)} * R_{M (min.)}$ 

if  $R_{T \text{ (max.)}} > K * R_M$ , instability may occur.

The values of C15 (4.7 $\mu$ F typ.) and C14 (1 $\mu$ F typ.) depend on the type of motor used. C15 adjusts WOW and flutter of the system. C14 suppresses motor spikes.

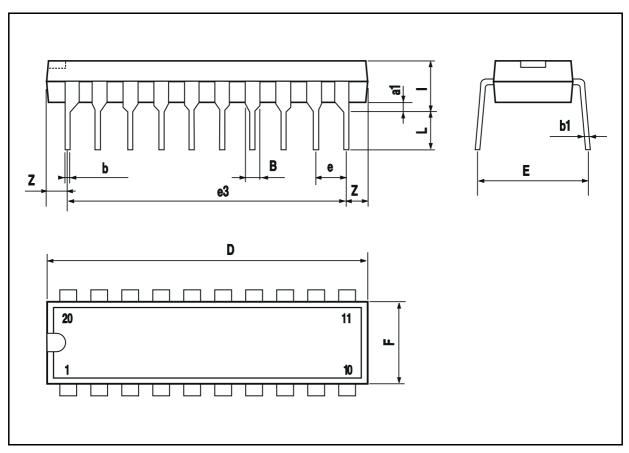
# **SO20 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.		mm		inch					
Diwi.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
А			2.65			0.104			
a1	0.1		0.3	0.004		0.012			
a2			2.45			0.096			
b	0.35		0.49	0.014		0.019			
b1	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.013			
С		0.5			0.020				
c1			45 (	(typ.)					
D	12.6		13.0	0.496		0.512			
Е	10		10.65	0.394		0.419			
е		1.27			0.050				
e3		11.43			0.450				
F	7.4		7.6	0.291		0.299			
L	0.5		1.27	0.020		0.050			
М			0.75			0.030			
S		8 (max.)							



# **DIP20 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.		mm		inch					
Dim.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			
a1	0.254			0.010					
В	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065			
b		0.45			0.018				
b1		0.25			0.010				
D			25.4			1.000			
Е		8.5			0.335				
е		2.54			0.100				
e3		22.86			0.900				
F			7.1			0.280			
ı			3.93			0.155			
L		3.3			0.130				
Z			1.34			0.053			



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